

GOG

Our Primary mathematics curriculum is designed to make pupils feel confident, supported and challenged. We want pupils to embrace mathematics and foster a lifelong love of the subject applying it to other areas of the curriculum. Pupils are eager to talk about their work, be engaged and question their understanding to further their learning. Pupils will understand the importance of mathematics in the real world as well as recognising and applying connections. At Park House, we apply the 'Teaching for Mastery' framework within our day-to-day practise to help encourage a deeper understanding of core mathematical concepts. In doing this, we create critical, independent thinkers in our classrooms.

Mathematics in Primary School is a crucial stage in a pupil's educational journey. Students begin with learning basic maths skills from numbers to shapes, space and measuring using concrete everyday objects to support their understanding. As they progress, these concepts become more challenging particularly as they move towards more abstract methods. We have embarked on a 'Teaching for Mastery' journey which allows all children to think critically about concepts that they have mastered. My role in leading mathematics in Primary School is to ensure that all children have the opportunity to grow into confident, independent resilient mathematicians ready to display their skill set as they move into secondary.

Alisha Fawziyyah - Head of Primary Mathematics

EARLY YEARS FOUNDATION STAGE

During the early years of children's school experience mathematics takes place both indoors and ours through a wide range of practical and "hands on" activities. The staff use their knowledge and expertise to plan for a high-quality learning environment which provides children with lots of opportunities to explore different aspects of numbers and shape, space and measure and learn new concepts. The children have a wide range of structured play resources available to them throughout the year - this is known as "continuous provision". The adults model the use of these resources and the appropriate mathematical language as they support the children in their play. In addition to the outdoor and indoor activities, teachers plan adult led activities for groups of children and individuals based on their observation of what children can do. They plan activities to address any misconceptions and to introduce new concepts.

KEY STAGE 1

As pupils move from reception to KS1 they continue to learn maths in a practical handson way, using everyday objects to solve problems and work through simple calculations. The children will be talking about their methods and using pictorial representations, lists and tables to present their results/answers. This is a crucial early education where stage of children's educational developments really begins as their cognitive abilities are explored, developed and put to the test.

KEY STAGE 2

During KS2 children become much more confident with key mathematical concepts particularly as they continue to revisit topics. They are learning to add, subtract, multiply and divide as well as using mental strategies and solving problems using time, measure and money. A key skill that children must learn in order to support their learning in maths lessons is the fluent recall of times tables up to 12. The expectation is that children know all facts up to 12 by the end of year 4. This helps to support trickier concepts they begin to learn in years 5 and 6.



MATHEMATICS Medium Term Curriculum Map Term 1 2022 - 2023



EYFS

Getting to know you

- Introduction to areas of provision
- Key times of the day Inside and outside
- Where do things belong
- Positional language

Just like me

- Matching objects
- Sorting objects
- Odd one out
- Compare amounts
- Compare size, mass and capacity
- Making simple patterns

It's me 1, 2, 3

- Representing 1, 2, 3 Comparing 1, 2, 3
- •
- Composition 1, 2, 3
- **Circles and triangles**
- Spatial awareness

Light and Dark

- Counting on and back from
- Counting on and back from
- One more and one less
- Shapes with 4 sides •
- Night and Day

YEAR 1

- **Geometry: Shape** Recognise and name 3D shapes Sort 3D shapes Recognise and name 2D shapes Sort 2D shapes Identifying patterns withing 3D and 2D shapes

YEAR 2

Number: Place Value

- Numbers to 20
- Counting objects to 100 by making

- Partitioning numbers to 100 Writing numbers to 100 in words Flexibly partitioning numbers to 100 Write numbers to 100 in expanded .
- •
- 10s and 2s on the number line to 100

- Comparing objects Comparing numbers Ordering objects and numbers Counting in 2s, 5s, and 10s Counting in 3s

Number: Addition and Subtraction

- Bonds to 10 Fact families-addition and
- subtraction bonds within 20 Related addition and subtraction

Subtract across 10 Subtract from a 10 Subtract a 1-digit number from a 2-

digit number (across a 10)

Mixed addition and subtraction Comparing number sentences Solving missing number problems

Number: Addition and Subtraction

Lines of symmetry on shapes Use line of symmetry to complete

Recognise 2D and 3D shapes Count sides on 2D shapes Count vertices on 2D shapes Draw 2D shapes

Count faces on 2D shapes Count edges on 3D shapes Count vertices on 3D shapes

Make patterns with 2D and 3D shapes

shapes Sort 2D shapes

Sort 3D shapes

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10 more, 10 less Add and subtract 10s

a 10)

- •
- Adding and subtracting 1s Add by making 10 Add three 1-digit numbers Add to the next 10



MATHEMATICS Medium Term Curriculum Map Term 1 2022 - 2023



YEAR 3

Number: Place Value

- Recognise numbers to 100
- Partition numbers to 100
- Number line to 100 •
- Investigating hundreds
- Representing numbers to 1,000
- Partitioning numbers to 1,000
- Flexible partitioning of numbers to 1,000 •
- •
- Hundreds, tens, ones Find 1, 10, 100 more or less •
- Number line to 1,000
- Estimating on a number line to 1,000
- Comparing numbers to 1,000
- Ordering numbers to 1,000
- Counting in 50s

Number: Addition and Subtraction

- Apply number bonds within 10
- Add and subtract 1s •
- Add and subtract 10s •
- Add and subtract 100s
- Add 10s across a 100
- Add 10s across a 100
- Subtract 1s across a 10 •
- Subtract 10s across a 100
- Add two numbers (no exchange)
- Subtract two numbers (no exchange) •
- Add two numbers (across 10)
- Add two numbers (across 100)
- Subtract two numbers (across a 10)
- Subtract two numbers (across a 100) •
- Add 2-digit and 3-digit numbers
- Subtract a 2-digit number from a 3-digit number
- Complements to 100
- Estimate answers
- Inverse operations to check answers

Number: Multiplication and Division

- Multiplication- equal groups
- •
- Using arrays Multiples of 2
- Multiples of 5 and 10
- Sharing and grouping
- Multiplying by 3Dividing by 3
- The 3 times-table •
- Multiplying by 4 •
- Dividing by 4 The 4 times -tables
- Multiplying by 8 \bullet
- Dividing by 8
- The 8 times-tables •
- The 2, 4 and 8 times-tables

YEAR 4

Number: Place Value

- Partition numbers to 1,000
- Number lines to 1,000

- Representing numbers to 10,000 Flexible portioning of numbers up to 10,000 Find 1, 10, 100, 1,000 more or less

- Investigating Roman Numerals to 100 Rounding to the nearest 10

Number: Addition and Subtraction

- Checking strategies

Measurement: Area

- Making shapes with given areas

Number: Multiplication and Division

Number: Multiplication and Division B

Multiplying 2-digit by 1-digit (column method) Multiply 3- digits by 1-digit (column method) Divide 2-digit by 1-digit (short division) Divide 3-digits by 1 digit (short division)

- Multiple and divide by 9
- 9 times tables and division facts The 3, 6 and 9 times tables Multiply and divide by 7

- 11 times tables and division facts
- Multiply by 1 and 0 Divide a number by 1 and itself



MATHEMATICS Medium Term Curriculum Map Term 1 2022 - 2023



YEAR 5

Number: Place Value

- Numbers to 10.000
- Numbers to 100,000

- Numbers to 1,000,000 Read and write numbers to 1,000,000 Powers of 10 10/100/1,00/10,000/100,000 more or less
- Partitioning numbers to 1,000,000
- Number lines to 1,000,000
- Compare and order numbers to 100,000 Round to the nearest 10,1000 or 1,000 Round withing 100,000

Number: Addition and Subtraction

- Using mental strategies Add whole number with more than four digits
- Round to check answers
- Inverse operations (addition and subtraction) Multiply-step addition and subtraction problems Comparing calculations

Number: Multiplication and Division

- Investigating multiples Common multiples

- Prime numbers
- Square numbers
- Multiply by 10, 100 and 1,000 Divide by 10,100 and 1,000

Number: Fractions A

- Find fractions equivalent to a unit fraction

- Find fractions equivalent to a non-unit fraction Recognise equivalent fractions Convert improper fractions to mixed numbers Convert mixed numbers to improper fractions
- Compare fractions less than 1
- Order fractions less than 1
- Compare and order fractions greater than 1 Add and subtract fractions with the same
- denominator Add fractions within 1 Add fractions with total greater than 1 Add to a mixed number

- Subtract fractions
- Subtract from a mixed number-breaking the
- Subtract two mixed numbers

YEAR 6

Number: Place Value

- Numbers to 1,000,000 Numbers to 10,000,000

- Powers of 10
- Number lines to 10,000,000
- Compare and order integers

Number: Addition, Subtraction, **Multiplication and Division**

- Add and subtract integers
- Common factors
- Rules of divisibility

- Solve problems with multiplication

- Solve multi-step problems
- Order of operations
- Mental calculations and estimation
- Reason from know facts

Number: Fractions A

- Compare and order (denominators)
- Compare and order (numerators)

Number: Fractions A

Measurement: converting units